

TIUCRA, A. Dr.; BALIMBERG, E. Dr.; GANEA, D. Dr.; SASS, H., Dr.; BILIU,  
Clementina (Chimista)

Cortisone and ACTH in therapy of epidemic hepatitis; personal ex-  
perience. Med. int., Bucur. 10 no.3:403-411 Mar 58.

1. Incrare efectuata in Spitalul contagiosi nr. 2, Bucuresti.

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, therapy

ACTH & cortisone with classical ther.)

(ACTH, ther. use

hepatitis, infect., with classical ther.)

(CORTISONE, ther. use

hepatitis, infect., with classical ther.)

BILEUSH, A.I.

Sagging deformations of loess embankments of reservoirs due to flooding.  
Dop. AN URSR no.3:343-347 '65. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Institut gidrologii i hidrotekhniki AN UkrSSR. Predstavлено академиком  
АН UkrSSR G.I. Sukhomelom [Sukhomel, H.I.].

BILEUSH, A.I. (Kiyev)

Calculating ragged deformations of loess slopes of water reservoirs.  
Prykl.mekh. 9 no.5:529-536 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Institut hidrologii i hidrotehniki AN UkrSSR.

BILEWSK, I.A.

Possibilities of using models to study the stability of slopes using  
an equivalent materials method. Visti Inst.hidrol. i hidr. AN URSR  
21:119-121 '62. (MIRA 16:4)

(Soil mechanics)

KALIUZHNYI, G. D.; BILEV, B. I.

Tractors

Hanging attachments for tractor KhT3-7. Part 2: Plow PN-30 and beet harvester SNK-2.  
Sel'khozmashina No. 1, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 195<sup>6</sup>, 2Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2

L 21720-65 ERT(m)/EPA(e)/DWP(v)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(k)/EWP(s) P1-1 AFTC(D)

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L 21728-65

and the same test also showed that, even with a set of 100% correct

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2"

BILEV, V., kapitan 1-go ranga

Improve the work of party committees for administrative control.  
Tyl i snab.Sov.Voor.Sil 21 no.1:11-14 Ja '61. (MIRA 14r6)  
(Russia--Armed forces--Party work)  
(Russia--Armed forces--Supplies and stores)

BILEVA, D.S.

Study of genetic processes in irradiated populations. Numerical dynamics of irradiated populations. Dokl. AN SSSR 164 no.1: 191-194 S '65. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Institut tsitologii i genetiki Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR. Submitted November 24, 1965.

BILEVICH, Anton [Bialevich,A.]

Beyond the Berezina River. Bab. i sial 36 no. 7:4-5 J1 '60.  
(MIRA 13:10)

1. Kolkhoz im.Lenina, Borisovskogo rayona.  
(Borisov District--Rurual conditions)

BILEVICH, A. F.

Cand Tech Sci - (diss) "Estimation of fine-walled rods of open profile on elastic bearings and elastic foundation." Tomsk, 1961. 12 pp; including cover; (Ministry of Higher and Secondary Specialist Education RSFSR, Novosibirsk Construction Engineering Inst imeni V. V. Kuybyshev); 150 copies; price not given; (KL, 10-61 sup, 213)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2

BILEVICH, A.F. (Tomsk)

Solution of differential equations in structural mechanics.  
Stroi. mekh. i rasch. soor. 3 no.6:9-11 '61. (MIRA 15:4)  
(Structures, Theory of)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2"

S/120/61/000/003/025/041  
E194/E155

AUTHORS: Bilevich, A.V., Vereshchagin, L.F., and  
Kalashnikov, Ya.A.

TITLE: A piezometer for determining the density of gases at  
high pressures and temperatures

PERIODICAL: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, 1961, No.3, pp.146-150

TEXT: This article describes equipment which can be used to measure the compressibility of gases at pressures up to 3500 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> at temperatures up to 400 °C with a total error not exceeding 0.1%. The novel features of the equipment are the high-pressure piezometer and miniature needle valve. A piezometer described by M. Benedict (Ref.1: J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 1937, Vol.59, 2224) suffers from a number of practical disadvantages from which the present equipment is free. The main parts of the present author's piezometer are a thick-walled bulb 90 mm long, 8 mm internal diameter and 16 mm external diameter. It screws on to a head which carries a capillary tube with a high-pressure needle valve. The needle valve, illustrated in Fig.2, has a steel needle 1, a sealing nut 2 and a gland consisting of Card 1/5

A piezometer for determining the ... S/120/61/000/003/025/041  
E194/E155

three metal rings, one of copper 3, and two of steel 4. The steel needle is ground to fit the inner diameter of the gland. The shank at the head of the needle is threaded to fit the threaded internal diameter of the sealing nut. The outer surfaces of the gland rings are a ground fit in the casing. Tests made with nitrogen at a pressure of 4.2 tons/cm<sup>2</sup> and at room temperature, and at 3.5 tons/cm<sup>2</sup> and temperature of 400 °C, gave satisfactory results. Still higher values could no doubt be obtained if other grades of heat-resisting steel were used in the construction. The volume of the piezometer is about 5 ml; it was carefully calibrated with carbon tetrachloride. In carrying out tests the piezometer is contained in a hollow copper block which is within a 300 W heating furnace. For purposes of weighing, the piezometer is suspended by a wire from the arm of an analytical balance which is on a bench above the furnace. The piezometer can thus be weighed without withdrawing it from the furnace. The arrangements that are made to fill the piezometer with clean gas and to measure the pressure on a standard manometer call for no comment. The following formula is used to calculate the change in volume

Card 2/5

A piezometer for determining the ... S/120/61/000/003/025/041  
E194/E155

of the piezometer due to thermal expansion:

$$V_t = V_0 (1 + 3.25 \times 10^5 t + 2.85 \times 10^{-8} t^2 - 1.65 \times 10^{-11} t^3)$$

An expression is also given for the change in volume due to pressure but when this was checked experimentally by a procedure which is described it was found to be in error. This can be seen from the curve of Fig. 5, where the volume change as a function of pressure at temperatures of 21, 90 and 147 °C is plotted in tons/cm<sup>2</sup> as curve a. Curve b corresponds to the formula used, which is evidently inaccurate. The test procedure is as follows. The piezometer is heated to the test temperature, then filled with compressed gas and allowed to stand connected to the gas supply with the valves open for 20-30 minutes to equalise the pressure and temperature. The piezometer is then disconnected from the high-pressure gas supply with the needle valve closed and is weighed. The gas is then released and it is weighed again. The volume and weight of gas being accurately known under the given conditions of temperature and pressure, the density and other characteristics can be calculated.

Card 3/5

A piezometer for determining the .... S/120/61/000/003/025/041  
E194/E155

B.K. Muratovskiy is thanked for his assistance. There are 5 figures and 7 references: 3 Soviet and the following 4 English Language references:

Ref.1: as in text above.

Ref.4: A.E.H. Love, Math. Theory of Elas., 1927, London.

Ref.5: P.W. Bridgman, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 1937, Vol.59, 2233.

Ref.6: P.W. Bridgman, Proc. Amer. Acad. Arts and Sci., 1935, Vol.70, 1.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fiziki vysokikh davleniy, AN SSSR  
(Institute of High-Pressure Physics, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: July 12, 1960

Card 4/5

ZAKHARKIN, L.I.; OKHOLOBYSTIN, O.Yu.; BILEVICH, K.A.

Exchange reactions of alkyls between organomagnesium compounds  
and halides. Izv. AN SSSR Ser. khim. no.7:1347-1349 Jl '64.  
(MIRA 17:8)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.

ARBUZOV, Yu.A.; BIE VICH, K.A.; BOLESOVA, I.N.; VOLKOV, Yu.P.;  
KOLOSOV, M.N.; SHEMYAKIN, M.M.

Tetracyclines. Report No.19: Synthesis of 2- and 3-substituted  
10-keto-9-hydroxy-1,2,3,4a,9,9a,10-octahydroanthracenes. Izv.  
AN SSSR. Ser.khim. no.3:482-491 Mr '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Institut khimii prirodnnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR.

ZAKHARKIN, L.I.; BILEVICH, K.A.; OKHLOBYSTIN, O.Yu.

Interaction of organomagnesium compounds with alkyl halides in  
a dimethoxyethane solution. Dokl. AN SSSR 152 no.2:338-341  
S '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.  
Predstavleno akademikom A.N. Nesmeyanovym.

PETROV, K.A.; YEVDAKOV, V.P.; BILEVICH, K.A.; RADCHENKO, V.P.; NIFANT'YEV,  
E.Ye.

Properties of phosphorus acid amides. Part 1: Reactions of  
amidophosphites with phenols. Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.3:920-  
923 Nr '62. (MIRA 15:3)  
(Phosphoramidous acid) (Phenols)

PETROV, K.A.; YEVDAKOV, V.P.; BILEVICH, K.A.; KOSAREV, Yu.S.

Properties of phosphorus acid amides. Part 2: Phenolysis, alcoholysis,  
and hydrolysis of amidophosphonites. Zhur. ob. khim. 32 no.6:1974-1977  
Je '62. (MIRA 15:6)

(Phosphonamidous acid)

PETROV, K.A.; YEVDAKOV, V.P.; BILEVICH, K.A.; CHERNYKH, V.I.

Properties of phosphorus acid amides. Part 4: Reaction of  
aminolysis and phenolysis of amidophosphites and amidophosphonites.  
Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.9:3065-3069 S '62. (MIRA 15:9)  
(Phosphoramidous acid) (Phosphonamidic acid)

ACCESSION NR: AP4009143

8/0190/64/006/001/0010/0012

AUTHORS: Petrov, K. A.; Yevdekov, V. P.; Bilevich, K. A.; Kosyrev, Yu. S.; Radchenko, V. P.

TITLE: Properties of amides of phosphorus acids. 7. A new method for the synthesis of phosphorus-containing polyesters

SOURCE: Vyssokomolekulyernye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 1, 1964, 10-12

TOPIC TAGS: phosphorus acid, phosphinous acid, amides, polyester, polycondensation, hydroquinone, sulfur, oxygen, tetrathyldiamide, hexaethyltriamide

ABSTRACT: Polyesters of trivalent phosphorus acids were obtained by the reaction of tetraethyldiamides of phosphorous or phosphinous acids with hydroquinone in a 1:1 molar ratio. The ingredients are heated at 120°C during the initial 1-2 hour period, then at 220°C during the subsequent 3 hours, vacuum being applied to remove the evolving diethylamine. The resulting products are yellowish transparent substances, the polyphosphinites being solid and the polyphosphites of rubber-like consistency, the latter possessing good adhesion to glass. The reaction product of hexaethyl-triamidophosphate with hydroquinone yields a brittle trimeric polyester. The

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4009143

products obtained had a specific viscosity of 0.04-0.25 (in a 1.5% solution in dimethylformamide) and a decomposition range of 280-490°C. Upon treatment with sulfur or oxygen, the trivalent phosphorus of the polyesters became converted to the pentavalent form. In conclusion, the authors call attention to the fact that while the polyesters obtained by their technique had softening points within the 130-150°C range, the corresponding products obtained by the conventional method from phosphorus dihalides and diatomic phenols had softening points which were 70-80°C lower. Orig. art. has: 3 formulas and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 16Apr62

DATE ACQ: 10Feb64

ENCL: 00

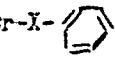
SUB CODE: CH

NO REF SOV: 007

OTHER: 003

Card 2/2

ZAKHARKIN, L.I.; OKELOBYSTIN, O.Yu.; KUDRYAVTSEV, R.V.; BILEVICH, K.A.

Exchange of organic groups in the systems n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>11</sub>MgBr-X- R.  
Izv. AN SSSR Ser. khim. no.1:182-184 '65.

(MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR.

L 3025..66 EMT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5022010

UR/0286/65/000/014/0078/0078

678.85

41

44.55

8

44.55

15

AUTHOR: Petrov, K. A.; Yevdakov, V. P.; Bilevich, K. A.; Radchenko, V. P.; Kosarev, Yu. S.

TITLE: A method for producing organic phosphorus polymers Class 39, No. 172996

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 14, 1965, 78

TOPIC TAGS: organic phosphorus compound, polymer, phosphorous acid

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a method for producing organic phosphorus polymers based on amides of phosphorous and phosphonous acids. A wider selection of raw materials is provided by using dihydroxyl-containing aryls as the second component for polymerization.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 31Oct61

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NT, G-C

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 1/1 Mhd

YEVDAKOV, V.P.; SHLENKOVA, Ye.K.; BILEVICH, K.A.

Amides and anhydrides of phosphorus acids. Part 4: Phosphorylation of hydroxyl-containing compounds with p-diethylamido-p-acetyl-O-alkyl phosphites. Zhur. ob. khim. 35 no.4:728-731 Ap '65.  
(MIRA 18:5)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut azotnoy promyshlennosti i produktov organicheskogo sinteza.

ACC NR: AP5027697

RPL: W/W/JW/RM

SOURCE CODE: UR/0062/65/000/010/1914/1914

AUTHOR: Bilevich, K. A.; Zakharkin, L. I.; Okhlobystin, O. Yu.ORG: Institute of Organometallic Compounds, Academy of Sciences SSSR  
(Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR)TITLE: Anion radicals of the barene series

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 10, 1965, 1914

TOPIC TAGS: organoboron compound, chemical reaction, EPR spectrometry

ABSTRACT: Aryl substituted barenes readily formed colored paramagnetic solutions by the action of potassium in tetrahydrofuran or dimethoxyethane. These solutions were decolorized by air and by decomposition with water or alcohol, but there was no hydrogen evolution. The relatively high affinity of phenylbarene for electrons was confirmed by polarographic reduction and by absence of fine structures in the EPR spectra. The disubstituted barene 1,3-bis-(phenylbarenyl)propane reacts similarly with potassium. Formation of stable anion radicals of the barene series is indicated. Vinylbarene reacts to form deeply colored diamagnetic solutions, apparently due to formation of the dimer dianion. The authors thank Yu. N. Bubnov and V. V. Bukhtiyarov for obtaining the EPR spectra and S. P. Gubin for polarographic measurements. Orig. art.

Card 1/2

UDC: 547.024+661.718.4

L 8080-66  
ACC NR: AP5027697

has: 1 equation.

SUB CODE: OC/ SUBM DATE: 22Jul65/ ORIG REF: 000/ OTH REF: 000

Cord 2/2 (2)

ACC NR: AP6012653

SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/65/03./002/0365/0368

AUTHOR: Bilevich, K. A.; Yevdakov, V. P.

25  
B

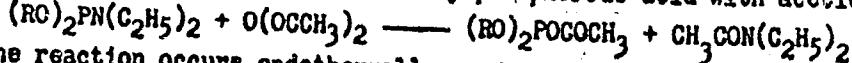
ORG: State Scientific Research and Design Institute, Nitrogen Industry and Products of Organic Synthesis (Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut azotnoy promyshlennosti i produktov organicheskogo sinteza)

TITLE: Alcoholysis and phenolysis of acetylphosphites ~~1~~

SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 35, no. 2, 1965, 365-368

TOPIC TAGS: phosphorylation, organic phosphorous compound, acetic anhydride, alcohol, glycol, tertiary amine, phenol

ABSTRACT: Mild phosphorylation of various hydroxyl-containing compounds can be successfully carried out with acetyl phosphites, readily synthesized by reaction of dialkylamides of dialkylphosphorous acid with acetic anhydride.



The reaction occurs endothermally, and acetyldialkylphosphites are formed at high yield. It was found that esteramides of phosphoric acid react with acetic anhydride to form mixed anhydrides. It was shown that dialkylacetyl-phosphites phosphorylate primary, secondary, and tertiary alcohols, glycols, and phenols in the presence of tertiary amines or dialkylamides of dialkyl-phosphorus acid at room temperature. Orig. art. has: 2 tables. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 05Sep63 / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 001  
Card 1/1 nst

UDC: 546.183

1. BILEVICHYUS, V.: DANTA, K.
2. USSR (600)
4. Feeding and Feeding Stuffs
7. Importance of microelements for animals receiving hay from peat bogs.  
Sots. zhiv. 14 No. 10, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953. Unclassified.

BILWICZ, Stanislaw

Experiments on the effect of reproductive function on the longevity  
in *Drosophila melanogaster*. Vol. biol. 1 no.3:177-194 1953.

1. Zaklad Antropobiologii Akademii Wychowania Fizycznego w Warszawie.  
(REPRODUCTION,  
\*relation to longevity in *Drosophila melanogaster*)  
(FLIES,  
\**Drosophila melanogaster*, relation of reproductive funct.  
to longevity)

BILEWICZ, St.; MIKIEWICZOWA, Z.

Four cases of anomalous reproduction in white mice. Pol. biol., Warsz. 2 no.2:113-121 1954.

1. Zaklad Biologii Akademii Wychowania Fizycznego w Warszawie.

(PREGNANCY,

residual spermatozoa from previous pregn. causing subsequent  
pregn. in white mice)

(SPERMATOZOA,

residual spermatozoa from previous pregn. causing subsequent  
pregn. in white mice)

BILEVICZ, S.

SCIENCE

Periodical: KOSMOS. SERIA A: BIOLOGIA. Vol. 7, no. 3, 1958.

BILEVICZ, S. Charles Darwin's Jubilee Year, 1958-1959; opinions concerning  
the contest for the best study on evolution. p. 263.

Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 3, May 1959  
Unclass.

BILEWSKI, S., mgr inz.

Scientific and Technical Conference of the ~~Gaz~~ Engineering Section  
of Poznzn Branch of the Polish Association of Sanitation Engineers  
and Technicians. Gaz woda techn sanit 37 no.2/72 F '63.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2

BILEWSKI, W.

Demanovska Jaskyna. Wszechswiat no.1:21-22 Ja '63.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2

BILEWSKI, W.

Life in the Black Sea. Wszechswiat no.11:293-294 N '62.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2"

BILEYKINA, A.M.

GILYAROVSKAYA, Ye.P.; TIKHOMIROVA, A.V.; BILEYKINA, A.M.; RODIONOVA, O.S.

Using ozocerite in the compound treatment of dysentery in children.  
Pediatrilia no.8:81-82 Ag '57. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Iz detskoy bol' nitsy imeni F.E.Dzerzhinskogo v Moskve.  
(OZOCHRITE) (DYSENTERY)

BILEYKINA, A.M.; LEVIN, Ye.B.

Diagnostic importance of TSuverkalov's skin allergy test in dysentery  
in children. Vop. okh. mat. i det. 7 no.3:17-20 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Iz detskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy No.9 imeni F.E.Dzerzhinskogo  
(glavnyy vrach A.N.Kudryashova).  
(DYSENTERY) (ALLERGY)

ACC NR: AP7000316

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/022/0051/0051

INVENTOR: Ryabinin, Yu. A.; Bil'gil'deyev, Yu. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: A device for addition of distributed signals. Class 21, No. 188540

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 22, 1966, 51

TOPIC TAGS: adder, electronic signal, electronic circuit, binary logic, SIGNAL  
RECEPTOR, COINCIDENCE CIRCUIT

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a device which adds distributed signals. The device consists of binary registers, data analyzers, and control switches. To reduce the number of incorrectly received signals the device contains a reversible counter, coincidence circuits, and inverters. The output of the first coincidence circuit is connected to the inputs of the second and third. The second inputs of the second and third coincidence circuits connect to the first and second outputs of the reversible counter. The output of the second coincidence circuit joins the input of the first control switch, and the output of the third control circuit feeds into the input of the second control switch. The output of the first data analyzer is connected, through the first inverter, to the first input of the reversible counter; the output of the second data analyzer is connected, through the second inverter, to the second input of the reversible counter.

SUB CODE: 09/ SUBM DATE: 23Aug65  
Card 1/1

UDC: 621.396.49

MALYGINA, L.I.; CHERNOMORDIK, L.M.; BIL'GIL'DIYEV, A.S.

Method of peltry dyeing; Soviet Certificate of Inventions  
No.148196. Kozh.-obuv.prom. 4 no.8:43 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)  
(Fur industry—Technological innovations)

BILIBASHI, S.

Improvement of quality is the most important factor in our canning industry. p. 3

TEKNIKA. (Ministria Industri-Miniera dhe Ndertim-KOMUNIKACION) Tirane. (Issued by the Ministry of Industry and Mining and the Ministry of Construction and Communication. Bimonthly) Vol. 6, no. 2, Mar./Apr. 1959

BULGARIA

Monthly List of East European Accessions Index (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, no. 11, Nov. 1959  
'Uncl)

BILIBIN, A.F.

RT-795 Clinic of typhus in the inoculated Klinika sypnogo tifa u privitykh.  
Sovetskaya Meditsina, (12): 14-15, 1944.

BILBIN, A. F.

USSR/Medicine - Infectious Diseases  
Medicine - Immunity

Sep 48

"Some Physiological Rules Applied to Infectious Diseases," Prof A. F. Bilibin, Dir, Chair of Infectious Diseases, Moscow Med Inst, Min Pub Health RFSR, 3 pp

"Sov Med" No 9

Claims studies on antibodies and phagocytes permit understanding of complete phenomenon of immunization. Much, however, remains to be solved, particularly various paradoxes that appear continually. Claims physiological rules will permit understanding of nature of whole series of pathological processes.

24/49T67

130.

*Zhurnal Vsesoyuznoi Meditsinskoi Akademii*  
beka)

A. F. BULAVIN. Klinicheskaya Meningitis [Zhurn. Vsesoyuzn. Med. Mezhdunarodn. Sistem. Zdrav. 1949, No. 8, 48-54, Aug., 1949. 3 Rep. 3 rev.]

The author investigated at the Botkin Hospital in Moscow, 12 cases of *Listeria monocytogenes* infection during 1946. In 3 cases it was possible to isolate the organism; in 9 cases the clinical features and laboratory investigations led to the conclusion that the disease was due to *Listeria* infection. Three cases showed no symptoms of pain in the muscles, the feces was dark.

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junctivitis, tonsillitis, and (in 2 cases) stomatitis were present on the 6th day. The neck and axillary lymph nodes were considerably enlarged. In some cases diarrhoea developed for 2 to 3 days. A roseolar rash, mainly on the trunk, appeared on the 6th day. The liver and spleen were moderately enlarged and tender. The blood showed a slight lymphocytosis and contained up to 20% of monocytes. The erythrocyte sedimentation rate was moderately raised, the blood pressure low or normal. Agglutination tests for *Listeria* showed a titre of 1 in 500 on the 7th day in the first case and on the 28th and 29th days in the second and third cases. The titre was still 1 in 250 after 7 months in the last case. The cerebrospinal fluid in one case had a protein content of 0.33 mg per 100 ml, gave a positive Pandy reaction, and contained 12 cells per cmm. On the 6th and 8th day respectively serum or blood from the patient was injected into guinea-pigs. After 24 to 48 hours the latter died or were killed and a pure culture of *Listeria* could be grown from their spleen or liver. In all cases the Widal, Weil-Felix, Wassermann, and Paul-Bunnell reactions were negative. Smears from conjunctiva, nose, and cerebrospinal fluid may be helpful at times in the detection of *Listeria* infection. The author thinks that the illness is a generalized one which at times manifests itself as an acute lymphadenitis, at times as a meningitis or meningo-encephalitis. *Listeria* is widespread amongst rats, mice, pigs, sheep, goats, and horses and it is thought that these might be responsible for infecting man.

## Abstracts of World Medicine Vol 7 1950

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2

BILIBIN, A. F.

"Omsk and Crimean Hemorrhagic Fevers," Medgiz, Moscow, 1950

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2

BILIBIN, A. F.

"Endemic Hemorrhagic Nephroso-Nephritis," Medgiz, Moscow, 1950

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2"

BILIBIN A. F. and KOMOLOVA R. P.

5570. BILIBIN A. F. and KOMOLOVA R. P. Treatment of dysentery with colloid suspensions of silver salts of sulphathiazole Klin. Med. Mosk. 1950, 28/8 (L1-L4) Tables 2

In view of the fact that treatment with sulphonamides proved ineffective in some of the cases of dysentery, a silver-containing preparation was administered as an enema in a 1 to 2% aqueous solution for 3 days in succession. In neglected chronic forms this treatment was repeated. Its effect was particularly striking in cases in which other methods had failed. Salamun - Koper (XX, 6, 2, 7)

SO: Excerpta Medica, Section II, Vol. 4, No. 10

BILIBIN, A.F.

Ways in the reorganization of teaching on infectious diseases and  
basic principles of Pavlov's direction in medicine. Sovet.med. No.  
3:3-7 Mar 51. (CLML 20:6)

1. Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences, Profes-  
sor.

BILIBIN, A.P., professor

Some problems in the pathogenesis and treatment of dysentery.  
Voen.-med.zhur. no.6:16-23 Je '51. (MLRA 9:9)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR  
(DYSENTERY)

BILIBIN, A.N.

Basic aspects in the pathogenesis and treatment of dysentery. Sovet. med.  
16 no.3:3-9 Mar 1952. (CIML 22:1)

1. Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR,  
Professor. 2. Moscow.

BILIBIN, A. F.

Problem of infectious diseases according to the Pavlovian theory.  
Prakt. lek., Praha 32 no.2:27-31 20 Jan 1952, (CIML 22:2)

BILIBIN, A.

"The New Antibiotics Syntomyycin and Levomycetin and their Experimental Application to Some Infectious Diseases." Tr. from the Russian. p. 75 (ANALELE ROMANO-SOVIETICE. SERIA MEDICINA GENERALA. Series a III-a v. 7 no. 4, July/Aug. 1953; Series a III-a v. 7, no. 5, Sept./Oct. 1953. Bucuresti, Rumania.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, LC, Vol. 3 No. 4, April 1954

BUNIN, K.V.; BILIBIN, A.F., professor, zavednyushchiy.

Merit of Russian scientists in the investigation of the etiology and pathological anatomy of glanders in man. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. no.8:85-89 Ag '53. (MLRA 6:11)

1. Klinika infektsionnykh bolezney II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. I.V.Stalina. (Glanders)

BILIBIN, A. F.

"New Antibiotics and Their Application to Clinical Infectious Diseases," Terap. Arkhiv., 25, No.1, pp 88-89, 1953

Translation M-754, 30 Aug 55

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2

RUBINSHTEYN, B.N., professor; RUDINOV, G.P., professor, chlen-korrespondent;  
KHARIN, Yu.M.; KHASHIMOV, D.; LUKOMSKIY, P.Ye., professor; BILIBIN,  
A.Y., professor; RATNER, S.I., professor.

Modern treatment of dysentery. Terap.arkh. 25 no.2:87-89 Mr-Ap '53.  
(MLRA 6:5)  
(Dysentery)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000205310017-2"

BILIBIN, A.F., professor, (Moscow) chlen-korrespondent.

New antibiotics, synthomycin and levomycetin, and results of their use in certain infectious diseases. Klin.med. 31 no.2:6-15 F '53. (MLRA 6:5)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR.

(Antibiotics).

BILIBIN, A.F.

BEREZIN, Ye.K., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; LAZAREV, Ye.N., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk; ROSTAPSHOV, M.F.; BILIBIN, A.F., professor, redakteur.

[Biomycin; experimental study of and clinical use of biomycin]  
Biomitsin; eksperimental'noe izuchenie i klinicheskoe primenie biomitsina. Otvetstvennyi red. A.F. Bilibin. Chleny red. komissii: E.K.Berezina, E.N.Lazareva, M.F.Rostapshov. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo meditsinskoi lit-ry, 1954. 82 p.  
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1. Chlen-kerrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk (for Bilibin)  
(Antibiotics)

Translation - 417, 21 Jun 55

BILIBIN, A.P., professor (Moskva)

Clinical forms and therapy of chronic dysentery. Terap. arkh. 26  
no.5:33-40 S-0 '54. (MLRA 8:2)

1. Chlen -korespondent AMN SSSR.  
(DYSENTERY,  
clin. aspects & ther.)  
(DYSENTERY, BACILLARY,  
dlin. aspects & ther.)

BILIBIN, A.F.

[Chart for differential diagnosis of the most important acute infectious diseases] Diferentsial'naia diagnosticheskaiia tablitsa vashmeishikh estrykh infektsionnykh boleznei. Izd. 2., ispr. i`dep. Minsk, Medgiz, 1955. 75 p.  
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES) (DIAGNOSIS)

Bilibin, A.I.

ZHDANOV, V.M., redaktor; BUKLEVISHOV, V.N., redaktor; BILIBIN, A.F.,  
redaktor; VYGODCHIKOV, G.V., redaktor; DOBROKHOTOVA, A.I.,  
redaktor; ZHUKOV-VEREZHNICKOV, N.N., redaktor; ZIRODOVSKIY, A.I.,  
redaktor; KASHKIN, P.N., redaktor; KRICHINSKIY, A.M., redaktor;  
PAVLOVSKIY, A.M., redaktor; POD'YAPOL'SKAYA, V.P., redaktor;  
POPOV, I.S., redaktor; RUDNEV, G.P., redaktor; SKRYABIN, K.I., redak-  
tor; TIMAKOV, V.D., redaktor; BUNIN, K.V., redaktor; ZAKSTEL'SKAYA,  
L.Ya., redaktor; SACHEVA, A.I., tekhnicheskij redaktor

[Contagious diseases in man; academic reference book] Zaraznye  
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vo meditsinskoi lit-ry, 1955. 681 p. (MIRA 9:3)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Moscow.  
(CONTAGION AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES)

BRAGINSKAYA, Vera Pavlovna; BILIBIN, A.P., otvetstvennyy redaktor;  
BLOKHIN, N.K., redaktor; MOLCHANOV, O.P., redaktor; OGNEV, B.V.,  
redaktor; ROGOV, A.A., redaktor; BUL'CHIKOVA, Yu.S., tekhnicheskiy  
redaktor

[Scarlet fever and its treatment] Skarlatina i ee lechenie. Moskva,  
Gos.izd-vo med. lit-ry, 1956. 18 p. (MIRA 9:8)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Bilibin, Blokhin, Molchanova,  
Ognev)  
(SCARLET FEVER)

BILIBIN, A.F.

[Clinical forms of dysentery and their treatment] Klinicheskie  
formy dizenterii i ikh lechenie. Moskva, Medgiz, 1956. 19 p.  
(DYSENTERY) (MLRA 10:8)

BILIBIN, A.T.

[Treatment of communicable diseases; basic principles] Lechenie infektsionnykh bolezney; osnovnye printsipy. Moskva, Medgiz, 1956.  
34 p. (COMMUNICABLE DISEASES)

(MIRA 9:10)

YERMOL'YEVA, Z.V., professor, otvetstvennyy redaktor; BILIBIN, A.F., professor; SHORIN, V.A., redaktor; POPRYADUKHIN, K.A., tekhnicheskii redaktor

[Biomycin; experimental and clinical studies of biomycin] Biomitsin; eksperimental'noe i klinicheskoe izuchenie biomitsina. Otv.red. Z.V. Ermol'eva i A.F.Bilibin. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo med. lit-ry. Vol.2. [A collection of articles] Sbornik statei. 1956. 202 p. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Yermol'eva, Bilibin)  
(AUREOMYCIN)

BILIBIN, A.P.

[A course in infectious diseases; a manual for medical institutes]  
Kurs infektsionnykh boleznei; uchebnik dlia meditsinskikh institutov.  
Moskva, Medgiz, 1956. 379 p.  
(MIRA 10:3)  
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES)

BILIBIN, A. F.

"The Principles of Treating of Infectious Diseases," a report presented at the 13th All-Union Congress of Hygienists, Epidemiologists, Microbiologists, and Infectionists, Leningrad, 1956 (June). Zhur. Mikrobiol., Epidemiol. i Immunobiol., pp 3-5, 1956.

Sum. 1003, 20 Jul 56

BILIBIN, A. F.

"Determination of the Concentration of Biomycin in Blood Serum,"  
by A. I. Semich and M. A. Petrova, All-Union Scientific Re-  
search Institute of Antibiotics, Biomitsin (Biomycin), edited  
by Prof Z. V. Yermol'yeva, Corresponding Member, Academy of  
Medical Sciences USSR, and Prof A. F. Bilibin, Corresponding  
Member, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Moscow, Medgiz, 1956,  
pp 43-45

The author developed a method for the quantitative determination of  
biomycin in blood serum. Meat-peptone broth with a pH of 6.8-7.0 was used  
as a nutrient medium and the soil bacillus L<sub>2</sub> (spore forming) was used  
as a test microbe. The proposed method produces good results and may be  
used in the clinic. (U)

SYM.1374

BILIBIN, H. I.

"Treatment of Chronic Dysentery and Brucellosis With Biomycin Combined With Vaccine," by A. F. Bilibin, Biomitsin (Biomycin), Medgiz, Moscow, 1956, pp 190-195

This work states on the basis of previously published work that biomycin used in the same dosage and employing the same method of introduction is the more effective the earlier its administration is begun, and is more effective in acute than in chronic forms of disease. It discusses the comparative effectiveness of biomycin in several infectious diseases, and lists conditions necessary to produce a good therapeutic effect with any antibiotic.

The article briefly reviews the history (from 1941) of clinical therapy of infectious diseases with antibacterial preparations combined with vaccines and blood transfusion, and a combination of chemotherapy (sulfanilamide) and vaccines. With the advent of biomycin, a study was initiated to expand its therapeutic activity by combining it with vaccine therapy in the treatment of chronic dysentery and brucellosis. The author considers V. L. Troytskiy's "method of chemotherapy and immunotherapy" erroneous, and discusses the concept of immunity and the effects desired on introduction of a vaccine.

Sum. 1360

OKIBIN, H. T.

The article points out the significance of various local and general reactions, the results of giving a vaccine time after time in a regular pattern, and the value of antigenic irritation of the organism and its component parts.

The author describes testing (under the direction of the author's clinic) of the combined action of biomycin and vaccine on brucellosis and chronic dysentery patients. Reference is made to work of A. M. Yartseva in connection with brucellosis. Sixty patients with chronic dysentery who had previously undergone unsuccessful therapy with a number of preparations were given biomycin combined with Chernokhvostov vaccine. The article gives the duration of the disease and the clinical picture in most of the cases. It includes schedules and dosages of biomycin and the vaccine and discusses results.

It is concluded, on the basis of the results presented, that the use of combined biomycin and vaccine therapy in chronic dysentery is theoretically well-founded and practically feasible. The author considers the combination to be more effective than either preparation alone. He recommends further observation of far-reaching results and study of the most advantageous schedule of therapy for preventing relapses in chronic dysentery. (U)

Sum. 1360

YATSIMIRSKAYA-KRONTOVSKAYA, M.K.; BILIBIN, A.P.; BOCHAROVA, T.V.; SINAYKO,  
G.A.; SAVITSKAYA, Ye.P.; SHATROV, I.I.

Possibility of prolonged carrying of Rickettsia prowazekii. Zhur.  
mikrobiol.epid. immun. 27 no.7:33-39 Jy '56. (MLRA 9:9)

1. Iz Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN  
SSSR, Kliniki infektsionnykh bolezney i kafedry epidemiologii 2-go  
Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Stalina.  
(RICKETTSIA PROWAZEKII  
prolonged carriage in animals & men)

Bilibin, A.F.  
BILIBIN, A.F., prof. (Moskva)

Chemotherapy and basic principles of general therapy in infectious  
diseases. Sov.med. 21 no.9:3-12 S '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Ghlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR  
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, ther.)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof. (Moskva)

Clinical aspects and therapy of infectious diseases in the Soviet Union during the past 40 years. Sov.med. 21 no.11:3-10 N '57.

(MIRA 11:3)

1. Chlen-korrespondent MM.

(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, prev. and control  
in Russia)

BILIBIN, A.E. prof. (Moskva)

Principles of dysentery therapy. Sov.med. 22 no.2:10-15 F '58.  
(MIRA 11:4)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR.

(DYSENTERY, ther.  
antigens (Rus))

BILIBIN, A.F., prof.; KORNILOVA, I.I. (Moskva)

Use of cortisone and ACTH in typhoid fever, brucellosis, virus hepatitis and ulcerative colitis; review of the literature. Sov. med. 22 no.3:11-18 Mr '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Bilibin)

(TYPHOID FEVER, ther.

cortisone & ACTH, review (Rus))

(BRUCELLOSIS, ther.

same)

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, ther.

same)

(COLITIS, ULCERATIVE, ther.

same)

(CORTISONE, ther. use

typhoid fever, brucellosis, infect. hepatitis & ulcerative colitis, review (Rus))

BILIBIN, A.F., prof. (Moskva)

Chronic dysentery, its place among other intestinal diseases, and  
a proposed classification of the latter. Sov.med. 22 no.8:94-101  
Ag '58 (MIRA 11:10)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR.  
(INTESTINES, dis.  
classif. (Rus))  
(DYSENTERY,  
chronic, relation to other intestinal dis. (Rus))

BILIBIN, A.F., prof.; LOBAN, K.M., dots. (Moskva)

Treatment of Botkin's disease (epidemic hepatitis) with glucose and insulin [with summary in English]. Klin.med. 37 no.1:95-101 Ja '59.  
(MIRA 12:3)

1. Iz kliniki infektsionnykh bolezney (zav. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. A.F. Bilibin) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova.

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, ther.

glucose & insulin, intravenous admin. (Rus))

(GLUCOSE, ther. use

infect. hepatitis, with insulin, intravenous admin. (Rus))

(INSULIN, ther. use

infect. hepatitis, with glucose, intravenous admin. (Rus))

BILIBIN, Aleksandr Fedorovich, prof.; SAKHAROV, Petr Ivanovich;  
~~VOROTNIKOVA, Nina Viktorovna; NECHAYEV, S.V., red.; ZUYEVA,~~  
N.K., tekhn.red.

[Treatment of dysentery; manual for practising physicians]  
Lechenie disenterii; posobie dlja prakticheskikh vrachei. Pod  
red.A.F.Bilibina. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo med.lit-ry, Medgiz, 1959.  
199 p. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Bilibin).  
(DYSENTERY)

BILIBIN, A.P., prof.; DVURECHENSKAYA, G.S., kand.med.nauk; MARGORINA, L.M.,  
kand.med.nauk

Clinical aspects and diagnosis of salmonellosis. Sov.med. 23 no.12:  
34-43 D '99. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Iz kafedry infektsionnykh bolezney II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo  
instituta i otdela epidemiologii Instituta epidemiologii i mikro-  
biologii imeni E.F. Gamalei. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for  
Bilibin).

(SALMONELLA INFECTIOUS)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof.

Side effects of chemicals used in clinical practice and problems  
of effective therapy. Vest. AMN SSSR 15 no.4:49-57 '60.  
(MIRA 14:5)

1. II meditsinskiy institut imeni N.I.Pirogova. Deystvitel'nyy  
chlen AMN SSSR.  
(DRUGS—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (CHEMOTHERAPY)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof.; MARGORINA, L.M., kand.med.nauk

Salmonellosis; a survey of the literature. Vest. AMN SSSR 15 no.7:  
45-52 '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. II Moskovskiy meditsinskiy institut i Institut epidemiologii i  
mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR. Deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN  
SSSR (for Bilibin).  
(SALMONELLA)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof. (Moskva)

Basic problems of theoretical and practical activities in reducing  
dysentery morbidity. Sov. med. 24 no. 5:3-7 My '60.  
(MIRA 13:10)

1. Deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR.  
(DYSENTERY)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof., red.; VISHNEVETSKAYA, L.B., te'khm. red.

[Infectious intestinal diseases; transactions of the Institute]  
Kishechnye infektsionnye zabolevaniia; trudy instituta. Pod  
red. Bilibina, A.F. Moskva, 1961. 275 p. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Moscow. Vtoroy Moskovskiy meditsinskiy institut. 2. Deystvi-  
tel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Bilibin).  
(INTESTINES—DISEASES)

BILIBIN, A.F.; GRACHEVA, N.M.

Some results of using antibiotics for treating infectious diseases.  
Antibiotiki 6 no.9:16-26 S '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Klinika infektsionnykh bolezney II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo  
instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova.  
(ANTIBIOTICS) (COMMUNICABLE DISEASES)

BILIBIN, A.F.; KORNILOVA, I.I.; YARTEVA, A.M.

Treatment of Botkin's disease. Vest. AMN SSSR 16 no.4:50-59 '61.  
(MIRA 15:5)

1. Iz kliniki infektsionnykh bolezney II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo  
instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova (zav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR  
prof. A.F.Bilibin).  
(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS)

MARGORINA, L.M.; BILIBIN, A.F.; SHATROV, I.I.; TYUTKINA, N.F.

Material on the etiology and epidemiology of *Salmonella* infections.  
Report No.1. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. 32 no.2:74-77 F '61.  
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz kafedry infektsionnykh bolezney II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo  
instituta imeni Pirogova i Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii  
imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.  
(SALMONELLA INFECTIONS)

BILIBIN, Aleksandr Fedorovich; ANTONOV, B.N., red.; PETROVA, N.K.,  
tekhn. red.

[Textbook of infectious diseases] Uchebnik infektsionnykh boleznei. Moakva, Medgiz, 1962. 415 p. (MIRA 15:10)  
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof., red.; RUDNEV, G.P., prof., red.; GURSKIY,  
Yu.N., red.; MIRONOV, A.M., tekhn. red.

[Manual on infectious diseases] Rukovodstvo po infektsionnym bolez-  
niam. Pod red. A.F.Bilibina i G.P.Rudneva. Moskva, Medgiz, 1962.  
678 p. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Deystvit'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for  
Bilibin, Rudnev).

(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES)

СИЛИСТАН, А.Ф.

1762

Pg. 730

BUGROVA, V.I., kand. med. nauk; VINOGRADOVA, I.N., kand.biol. nauk;  
D'YAKOV, S.I., kand. med. nauk; ZHDANOV, V.M., prof.;  
ZHUKOV-VEREZHNIKOV, N.N., prof.; ZEMTSOVA, O.M., kand.  
med. nauk; IMSHENETSKIY, A.A., prof.; KALINA, G.P., prof.;  
KAULEN, D.R., kand. med. nauk; KOVALEVA, A.I., doktor med.  
nauk; KRASIL'NIKOV, N.A., prof.; KUDLAY, D.G., doktor biol.  
nauk; LEBEDEVA, M.N., prof.; PERETS, L.G., prof. [deceased];  
PEKHOV, A.P., doktor biol. nauk; PLANEL'YES, Kh.Kh., prof.;  
POGLAZOVA, M.N., kand. biol. nauk; PROZOROV, A.A.; SINITSKIY,  
A.A., prof.; FEDOROV, M.V., prof. [deceased]; SHANINA-VAGINA,  
V.I., kand.biol. nauk; VYGODCHIKOV, G.V., prof., zamestitel'  
otv. red.; ADO, A.D., prof., red.; BAROYAN, O.A., prof., red.;  
BILIBIN, A.F., prof., red.; BOLDYREV, T.Ye., prof., red.;  
VASHKOV, V.I., doktor med. nauk, red.; VIAZOV, O.Ye., doktor  
med. nauk, red.; GAUZE, G.F., prof., red.; GOSTEV, V.S., prof.,  
red.; GORIZONTOV, P.D., prof., red.; GRINBAUM, F.T., prof.,  
red. [deceased]; GROMASHEVSKIY, L.V., prof., red.; YELKIN, I.I.,  
prof., red.; ZASUKHIN, L.N., doktor biol. nauk, red.;  
ZERODOVSKIY, P.F., prof., red.; KAPICHNIKOV, M.M., kand. med.  
nauk, red.; KLEMPARSKAYA, N.N., prof., red.; KOSYAKOV, P.N.,  
prof., red.; LOZOVSAYA, Ye.S., kand. med. nauk, red.;  
MAYSKIY, I.N., prof., red.; MUROMTSEV, S.N., prof., red.  
[deceased];

(Continued on next card)

BUGROVA, V.I.---(continued) Card 2.

NIKITIN, M.Ya., red.; NIKOLAYEVA, T.A., red.; PAVLOVSKIY, Ye.N., akademik, red.; PASTUKHOV, A.P., kand. med. nauk, red.; PETRISHCHEVA, P.A., prof., red.; POKROVSKAYA, M.P., prof., red.; POPOV, I.S., kand. med. nauk, red.; ROGOZIN, I.I., prof. red.; RUDNEV, G.P., prof., red.; SERGIYEV, P.G., prof., red.; SKRYABIN, K.I., akad., red.; SOKOLOV, M.I., prof. red.; SOLOV'YEV, V.D., prof., red.; TRIKULEV, G.P., dotsent, red.; CHUMAKOV, M.P., prof., red.; SHATROV, I.I., prof., red.; TIMAKOV, V.D., prof., red.toma; TROITSKIY, V.L., prof., red. toma; PETROVA, N.K., tekhn.red.;

[Multivolume manual on the microbiology, clinical aspects, and epidemiology of infectious diseases] Mnogotomnoe rukovodstvo po mikrobiologii klinike i epidemiologii infektsionnykh boleznei. Otv. red. N.N.Zhukov-Verezhnikov. Moskva, Medgiz. Vol.1. [General microbiology] Obshchaya mikrobiologiya. Otv. red. N.N.Zhukov-Verezhnikov. 1962. 730 p. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Zhdanov, Zhukov-Verezhnikov, Vygodchikov, Bilibin, Vashkov, Gromashevskiy, Zdrodovskiy, Rudnev, Sergiyev, Chumakov, Timakov, Troitskiy).

(Continued on next card)

BUGROVA, V.I.—(continued) Card 3.

2. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Imshenetskiy, Krasil'nikov). 3. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Planel'yes, Baroyan, Boldyrev, Gorizontov, Petrishcheva, Rogozin). 4. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Vsesoyuznoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk im. V.I.Lenina (for Muromtsev).

(MICROBIOLOGY)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof. dr. (Moskwa)

Treatment of viral hepatitis. Prezegl. epidem. 16 no.2:251-252  
'62.  
(HEAPTITIS INFECTIOUS ther)

BILIBIN, A.F.; SHCHETININA, I.N.

Treatment of acute dysentery according to recent clinical data.  
Vest. AMN SSSR 17 no.2:62-70 '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. II Moskovskiy meditsinskiy institut imeni N.I. Pirogova.  
(DYSENTERY)

BILIBIN, A.F., prof.; IL'INSKIY, Yu.A., kand.med.nauk

Epidemiology and clinical aspects of ornithosis. Klin.med. no.3:  
34-38 '62. (MIRA 15:3)

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